

Model Report

S121 Feature Model

Version 1 • Proposed



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1 S121 Feature Model

Package in package 'S-121 Maritime Limits and Boundaries'

This is the model of the feature objects that will be put in the Feature Concept Dictionary supporting the Marine Administrative Domain Model and subsequent product specifications such as the S-121 MLB Product Specification.

S121 Feature Model
Version 1 Phase 1 Proposed
CHS created on 18/08/2015. Last modified 23/02/2016

1.1 S121 Generic Feature Types diagram

Class diagram in package 'S121 Feature Model'

S121 Generic Feature Types
Version
CHS created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

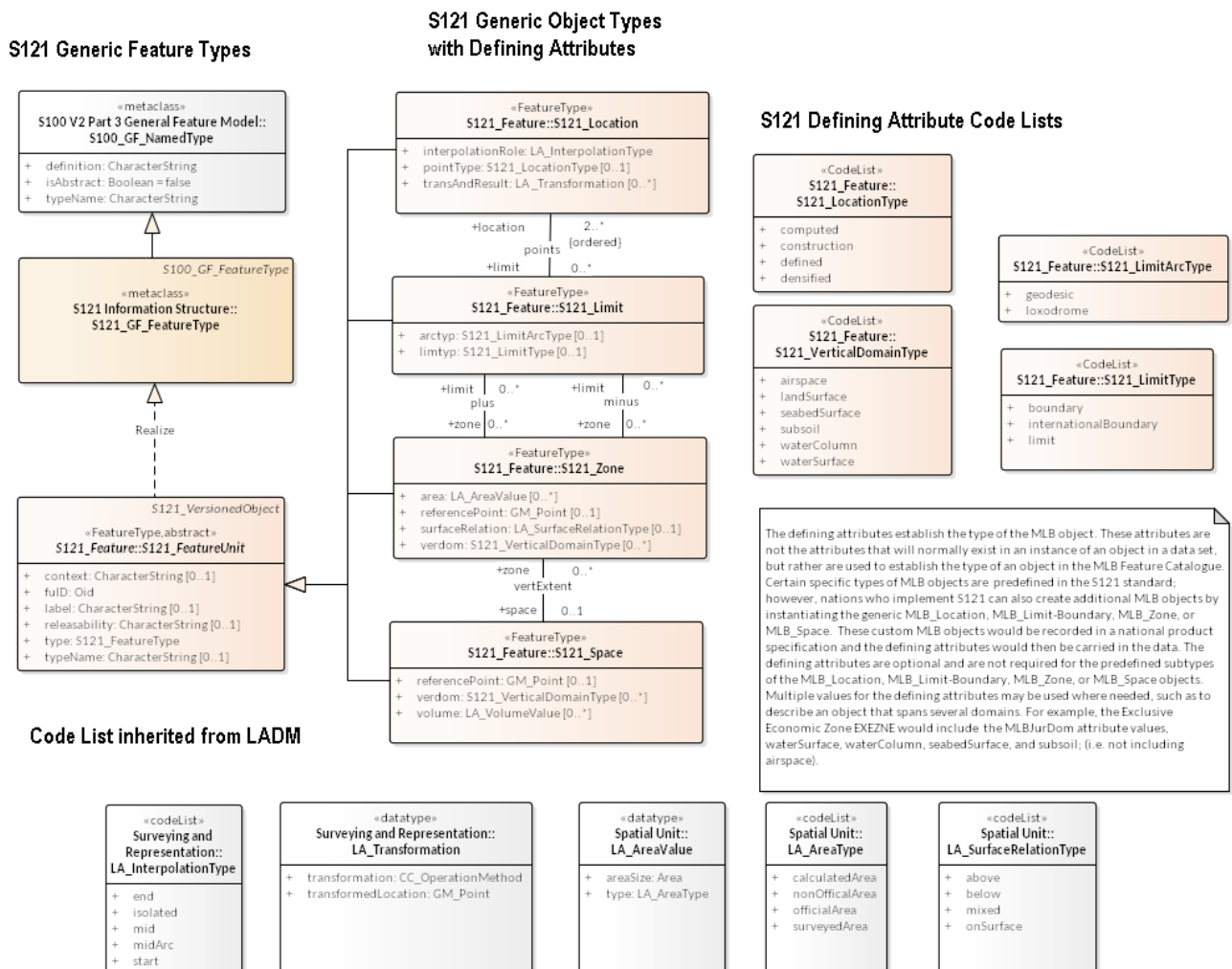


Figure 1: S121 Generic Feature Types

1.2 S100_GF_NamedType





Metaclass «metaclass» in package 'S100 V2 Part 3 General Feature Model'




The class S100_GF_NamedType is not realised from ISO 19109 but is introduced specifically for the S-100 GFM. It is an abstract super-class of the classes S100_GF_FeatureType and S100_GF_InformationType. The intention in introducing this class is to show the commonality between the concept of the feature type and the information type within S-100. Both types are core identifiable objects of S-100 data schemas.

S100_GF_NamedType

Version 2.0 Phase 2.0 Proposed

IHO TSMAD created on 22/12/2014. Last modified 27/11/2016

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S100_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S100_GF_ObjectType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S100_GF_AssociationType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «metaclass» S100_GF_InformationType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
CONNECTORS
<p> Dependency «trace» Source -> Destination From: S100_GF_NamedType : Metaclass, Public To: S100_GF_NamedType : Metaclass, Public</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p> definition : CharacterString Public Definition that describes the named type. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> isAbstract : Boolean Public = false Boolean attribute. If true, the named type acts as an abstract supertype. It is not possible to create an instance of an abstract type. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> typeName : CharacterString Public Name of the named type. The name shall be unique within a namespace.</p>

ATTRIBUTES	
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]	
ASSOCIATIONS	
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified)</p> <p>Source: Public informationClient (Metaclass) S100_GF_NamedType «metaclass» Cardinality: [1..*]</p> <p>Target: Public informationLink (Metaclass) S100_GF_InformationAssociationType «metaclass» Cardinality: [0..*]</p> <p>The object types that act as client in the information association</p>	
<p> Association (direction: Source -> Destination)</p> <p>The role "constrainedBy" specifies that a constraint is made on the named type.</p> <p>Source: Public (Metaclass) S100_GF_NamedType «metaclass»</p> <p>Target: Public constrainedBy (Metaclass) S100_GF_Constraint «metaclass» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	
<p> Association (direction: Source -> Destination)</p> <p>Source: Public informationClient (Class) GM_Object «type» Cardinality: [1..*]</p> <p>Target: Public additionalInformation (Metaclass) S100_GF_NamedType «metaclass» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	

1.3 S121_GF_FeatureType

Metaclass «metaclass» in package 'S121 Information Structure'

The class S121_GF_FeatureType is a specialization of S100_GF_FeatureType.


The class S100_GF_FeatureType is a realisation of the ISO 19109 class GF_FeatureType. It differs from the ISO class in the following ways:

1. It is a sub-type of the class S100_GF_NamedType;
2. It does not realise the Generalization and Specialization associations with the class GF_InheritanceRelation. Instead, the class has an association with itself with the roles subType and superType. GF_InheritanceRelation is not realised in the S-100 GFM;
3. The multiplicity of the superType is 0..1 to represent the concept that a feature may have a maximum of one superType. This is in order to prevent multiple-inheritance in S-100;
4. The multiplicity of the role carrierOfCharacteristics with S100_GF_PropertyType (the S-100 realisation of GF_PropertyType) is changed from 0..* to 1..*. An S-100 feature must have properties.

S121_GF_FeatureType

Version Phase Proposed

CHS created on 30/06/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p> Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_FeatureType [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Realization from FeatureType Instance to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Instance. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «metaclass» S121_GF_SpatialAttributeType to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Direction is 'Unspecified'.]

⇒ Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «metaclass» S121_GF_ThematicAttributeType to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ASSOCIATIONS

✍ Association (direction: Source -> Destination) Usage of registered definityon etc

Source: Public (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass» Target: Public (Class) S121_FC_FeatureType
 Cardinality: [1] Cardinality: [0..*]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) inheritance

Role: superType - The more generic feature type from which this feature type is derived.
 Role: subType - The more specific feature types which are derived from this feature type.

Source: Public subType (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType Target: Public superType (Metaclass)
 «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass»
 Cardinality: [0..*] Cardinality: [0..1]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) inheritance

Role: superType - The more generic feature type from which this feature type is derived.
 Role: subType - The more specific feature types which are derived from this feature type.

Source: Public subType (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType Target: Public superType (Metaclass)
 «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass»
 Cardinality: [0..*] Cardinality: [0..1]

1.4 S121_Limit

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Limit**AlphaCode:** MLBLIM**camelCaseCode:** Limit**NumericCode:****Use Type:** theme**Definition:** The MLB_Limit object is an object that defines any limits or boundaries either relating to terrestrial, marine or both environments.**Permitted Primitives:** P, L**References:****Remarks:**

S121_Limit

Version Phase Proposed

S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Curve to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]



⇒ Realization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]




⇒ Realization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES	
<p> arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p> limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	

ASSOCIATIONS	
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) minus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) points</p> <p>Source: Public location (Class) S121_Location «FeatureType» Cardinality: [2..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) plus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>

1.5 S121_Location

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Location

AlphaCode: MLOCTN

camelCaseCode: Limit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The Location object is an object that defines the underlying structure of location.

Permitted Primitives: P

Remarks: To portray a geodesic or loxodrome curve correctly, additional vertices may be included in the dataset. These are densified locations. These vertices would not have formed part of the original source information. The loctyp attribute can be used to differentiate between a defined vertex (e.g. declared in a treaty) with a vertex densified to ensure correct GIS depiction. A computed location is also not part of the original source information, but is calculated as the result of the original source guidance, such as the intersection between arcs, geodesics, or loxodromes. A construction vertex is any arbitrary position established to support computation.

References:

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «featureType» LA_Point
[Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location
[Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ interpolationRole : LA_InterpolationType Public
the role of point in the structure of a straight line or curve
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ pointType : S121_LocationType Public
Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
Definition: Computational origin of the element (defined, densified, computed or construction)
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ transAndResult : LA_Transformation Public
Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
transformation and transformed location
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS

✎ Association (direction: Unspecified) points

Source: Public location (Class) S121_Location «FeatureType»
Cardinality: [2..*]

Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit
«FeatureType»
Cardinality: [0..*]

1.6 S121_Zone

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Zone

AlphaCode: MZONE

camelCaseCode: Zone

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The Zone object is an object that defines an area which is logically delimited by instances of delineation (limit_boundary) objects.

Permitted Primitives: P,L,A

Remarks: Maritime, terrestrial or inter-tidal zone objects are the three real objects that inherit from this object.

References:

S121_Zone

Version Phase Proposed

S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016


OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «featureType» LA_SpatialUnit [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
⇒ Realization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Surface to «FeatureType» S121_Zone	[Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Realization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_Zone	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ area : LA_AreaValue Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>the area value</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ referencePoint : GM_Point Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>the coordinates of a point inside the spatial unit</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ surfaceRelation : LA_SurfaceRelationType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS	
<p>✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) minus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p>✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) plus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p>✍ Association (direction: Unspecified)</p> <p>Source: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit</p>	<p>Target: Public (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType»</p>


ASSOCIATIONS


 Association (direction: Unspecified) vertExtent


Source: Public space (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType»
Cardinality: [0..1]

Target: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone
«FeatureType»
Cardinality: [0..*]

OPERATIONS

 areaClosed () : Boolean Public
[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

 computeArea () : Area Public
[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

 createArea () : GM_MultiSurface Public
[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

1.7 S121_Space

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Space

AlphaCode: MSPACE

camelCaseCode: Space

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The Space object is an object that defines an volume which is logically delimited by instances of zone objects.

Permitted Primitives: P,L,A

Remarks: A Space is an objects of 2 dimensions with a height description located in 2 or 3 dimensional space. This is sometimes called 2 1/2 dimensions. A Space has the same geometry as a Zone with the attributes of vertical position. The vertical position may be explicit numerical attributes of height above a reference or a textual description.


References:


S121_Space

Version Phase Proposed

S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

 Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «featureType» LA_SpatialUnit
[Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

 Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Volume to «FeatureType» S121_Space
 [Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ referencePoint : GM_Point Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

the coordinates of a point inside the spatial unit
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ volume : LA_VolumeValue Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

the volume value (in case of bounded 3D description)
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) vertExtent

Source: Public space (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType»
 Cardinality: [0..1]

Target: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone
 «FeatureType»
 Cardinality: [0..*]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified)

Source: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit

Target: Public (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType»

OPERATIONS

◆ computeVolume () : Volume Public
 [Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

◆ createVolume () : GM_MultiSolid Public
 [Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

◆ volumeClosed () : Boolean Public
 [Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

1.8 S121_FeatureUnit

Abstract «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

The Feature Unit is a feature type which derives from the S100 General Feture Model. The S121_FeatureUnit takes on spatial attributes through a relation to the S121_SpatialAttributeType. This is an abstract class. It is implemented through its subtypes S121_Location, S121_Limit, S121_Zone, S121_Space.

S121_FeatureUnit

Version Phase Proposed

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OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to S121_VersionedObject [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Aggregation from «FeatureAttribute» S121_SpatialAttributeType to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Unspecified'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Generalization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ context : CharacterString Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ fuID : Oid Public
 the spatial unit identifier
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ label : CharacterString Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ releasability : CharacterString Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
 This attribute may be used to differentiate between "official", "development", "internal use" or "in construction" status for particular features. This may be a code list in the future.
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ type : S121_FeatureType Public
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ typeName : CharacterString Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
 short textual description of the spatial unit
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) fuSource
 Source: Public fu (Abstract) S121_FeatureUnit «FeatureType»
 Cardinality: [0..*]
 Target: Public source (Class) S121_Source
 Cardinality: [0..*]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified)
 Source: Public (Abstract) S121_FeatureUnit «FeatureType»
 Cardinality: [0..*]
 Target: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit
 Cardinality: [1..*]

1.9 S121_LimitArcType



Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or Loxodrome).

S121_LimitArcType

Version 1 Phase Proposed

CHS created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES
<p> geodesic : Public</p> <p>A path of shortest distance along the surface of an ellipsoid, namely a segment of a great circle. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> loxodrome : Public</p> <p>An arc crossing all meridians of longitude at the same angle; a path with constant bearing. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.10S121_LocationType

Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'





Definition: Category of location types (defined, densified, computed or construction)

S121_LocationType

Version Phase Proposed

CHS created on 08/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

Alias pointType

ATTRIBUTES
<p> computed : Public</p> <p>a point is computed in accordance with the definition described in the source through proper geodetic calculations; for example, the intersection of two arcs over an ellipsoidal surface. A point may be established to support construction computations. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> construction : Public</p> <p>point established to support construction computations. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> defined : Public</p> <p>a point is derived from a legislative document or other definitive source. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> densified : Public</p> <p>a point is part of a densification of the vertices in a line to ensure the geometry of a feature is correctly represented. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.11 S121_VerticalDomainType

Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). The code list may be extended. Any particular object may span more than one jurisdiction domain, for example, an **inter-tidal space** may span the airspace and water column. The **Territorial Sea** spans all of the vertical domains; however, the **EEZ** is the water surface, water column, seabed surface and subsoil.

S121_VerticalDomainType

Version Phase Proposed

IHO S121 PT created on 17/03/2014. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ airspace : Public</p> <p>The airspace is a space composed of air .</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ landSurface : Public</p> <p>landSurface is the interface between earth and air.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ seabedSurface : Public</p> <p>seabedSurface is the interface between the submerged land and the ocean. IHO S-32 defines the Sea Floor as " The BOTTOM of the OCEAN where there is a smooth and gentle GRADIENT... " The sea bed is inclusive of the sea floor and all submerged lands.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ subsoil : Public</p> <p>The subsoil is an area composed of earth (soil).</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ waterColumn : Public</p> <p>The waterColumn is a space (volume) from the seabedSurface up to the waterSurface.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ waterSurface : Public</p> <p>The waterSurface is the interface between the airspace and waterColumn.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.12 S121_LimitType




Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of limit types (boundary, limit or construction)

S121_LimitType

Version Phase Proposed

CHS created on 17/03/2014. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES
<p> boundary : Public</p> <p>element delimiting an object administered by a more than one owner; typically two sovereign states (countries). If there are two political entities involved, the delineated is a boundary, and if there is only one the delineation is a limit. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> internationalBoundary : Public</p> <p>A type of boundary administered by two sovereign states (countries). This is a special case of boundary whose purpose is to allow the clear definition of critical sovereignty related elements. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p> limit : Public</p> <p>element delimiting an object administered by a single owner; e.g. boundary of a management zone, that pertains to only one political entity, such as oil lease areas within a management zone for oil exploration. If there are two political entities involved, the delineation is a boundary, and if there is only one the delineation is a limit. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.13S121 Feature Unit Attributes diagram

Class diagram in package 'S121 Feature Model'

S121 Feature Unit Attributes

Version

CHS created on 24/02/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

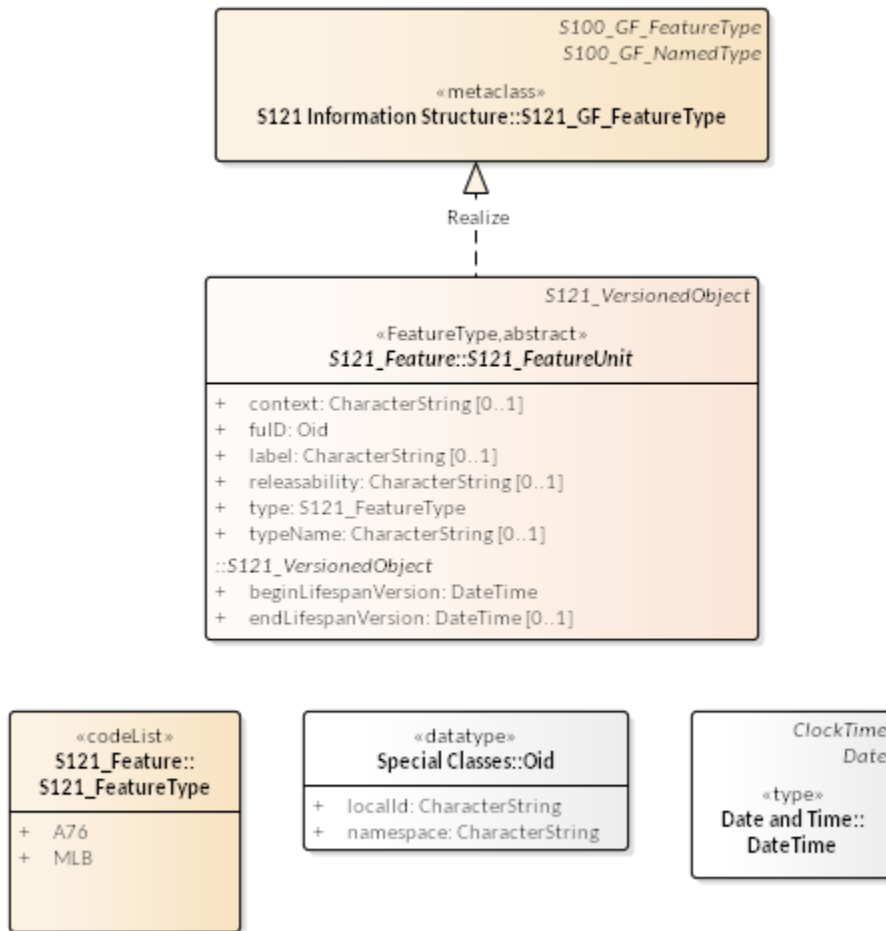


Figure 2: S121 Feature Unit Attributes

1.14 S121_GF_FeatureType

Metaclass «metaclass» in package 'S121 Information Structure'

The class S121_GF_FeatureType is a specialization of S100_GF_FeatureType.

The class S100_GF_FeatureType is a realisation of the ISO 19109 class GF_FeatureType. It differs from the ISO class in the following ways:

1. It is a sub-type of the class S100_GF_NamedType;
2. It does not realise the Generalization and Specialization associations with the class GF_InheritanceRelation. Instead, the class has an association with itself with the roles subType and superType. GF_InheritanceRelation is not realised in the S-100 GFM;
3. The multiplicity of the superType is 0..1 to represent the concept that a feature may have a maximum of one superType. This is in order to prevent multiple-inheritance in S-100;
4. The multiplicity of the role carrierOfCharacteristics with S100_GF_PropertyType (the S-100 realisation of GF_PropertyType) is changed from 0..* to 1..*. An S-100 feature must have properties.

S121_GF_FeatureType
Version Phase Proposed
CHS created on 30/06/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

- ← Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_FeatureType
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType to «metaclass» S100_GF_NamedType
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Realization from FeatureType Instance to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Instance. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «metaclass» S121_GF_SpatialAttributeType to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Direction is 'Unspecified'.]

⇒ Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «metaclass» S121_GF_ThematicAttributeType to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType
 [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ASSOCIATIONS

✍ Association (direction: Source -> Destination) Usage of registered definityon etc

Source: Public (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass» Target: Public (Class) S121_FC_FeatureType
 Cardinality: [1] Cardinality: [0..*]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) inheritance

Role: superType - The more generic feature type from which this feature type is derived.
 Role: subType - The more specific feature types which are derived from this feature type.

Source: Public subType (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType Target: Public superType (Metaclass)
 «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass»
 Cardinality: [0..*] Cardinality: [0..1]

✍ Association (direction: Unspecified) inheritance

Role: superType - The more generic feature type from which this feature type is derived.
 Role: subType - The more specific feature types which are derived from this feature type.

Source: Public subType (Metaclass) S121_GF_FeatureType Target: Public superType (Metaclass)
 «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType «metaclass»
 Cardinality: [0..*] Cardinality: [0..1]

1.15 S121_FeatureUnit







Abstract «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'



The Feature Unit is a feature type which derives from the S100 General Feture Model. The S121_FeatureUnit takes on spatial attributes through a relation to the S121_SpatialAttributeType. This is an abstract class. It is implemented through its subtypes S121_Location, S121_Limit, S121_Zone, S121_Space.

S121_FeatureUnit
Version Phase Proposed
CHS created on 03/11/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to «metaclass» S121_GF_FeatureType [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit to S121_VersionedObject [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Aggregation from «FeatureAttribute» S121_SpatialAttributeType to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Unspecified'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Generalization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES

ATTRIBUTES	
<p> context : CharacterString Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> fuID : Oid Public the spatial unit identifier</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> label : CharacterString Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> releasability : CharacterString Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>This attribute may be used to differentiate between "official", "development", "internal use" or "in construction" status for particular features. This may be a code list in the future.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> type : S121_FeatureType Public</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> typeName : CharacterString Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>short textual description of the spatial unit</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS	
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) fuSource</p> <p>Source: Public fu (Abstract) S121_FeatureUnit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public source (Class) S121_Source Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified)</p> <p>Source: Public (Abstract) S121_FeatureUnit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit Cardinality: [1..*]</p>

1.16 S121_FeatureType

Class «codeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

This code list includes types that have a common characteristic related to the marine environment. The code list is registered in the Feature Concept Dictionary as listed values and as such can be expanded to include all aspects of the legal context. The initial contents are: **MLB** (Marine Limits and Boundaries), and **A76** (UNCLOS article 76). This code list can be extended.

Version 1.0 Phase 1.0 Proposed
created on 21/02/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ A76 : Public</p> <p>UNCLOS article 76</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ MLB : Public</p> <p>Marine Limits and Boundaries</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17 MLB_Objects

Package in package 'S121 Feature Model'

MLB_Objects
Version 1 Phase Proposed
CHS created on 11/03/2014. Last modified 19/08/2015

1.17.1 S121 MLB Features diagram

Class diagram in package 'MLB_Objects'

A set of predefined objects have been established that include the normal objects required for Marine Limits and Boundaries. The stereotype <FeatureType> is used to identify the defining objects. The stereotype <MLB> (Maritime Limits and Boundaries) is used to identify the MLB Feature Types.

Figure F2 illustrates the relationship of the feature types to the defining objects. The realize relation is used because the feature types do not directly carry the defining attributes. The information contained in the defining attributes is included in the Feature Catalogue for each feature as applicable.

S121 MLB Features
Version
S121 PT created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

MLB Feature Types

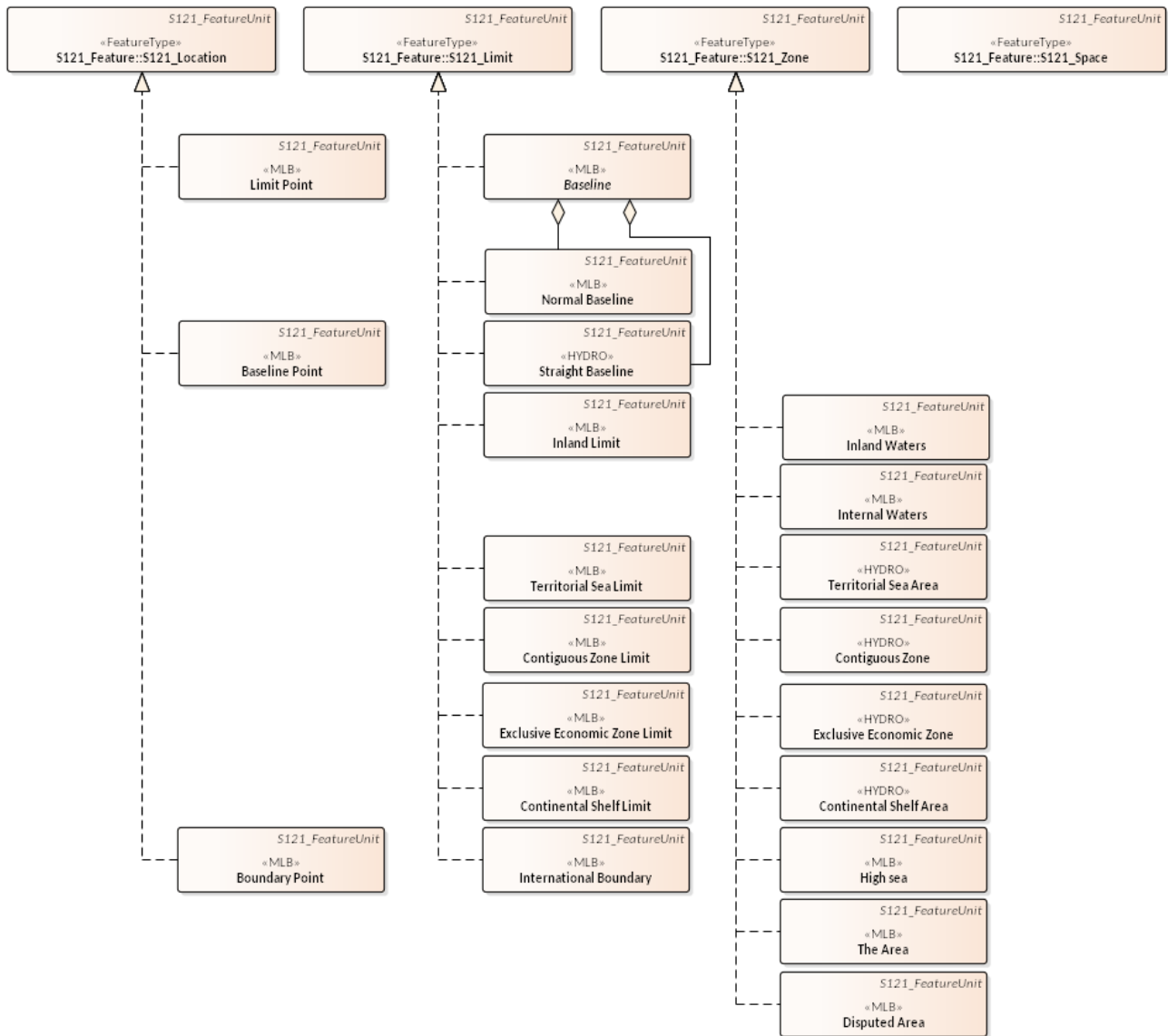


Figure 3: S121 MLB Features

1.17.2 S121_Limit

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Limit
AlphaCode: MLBLIM
camelCaseCode: Limit
NumericCode:
Use Type: theme

Definition: The MLB_Limit object is an object that defines any limits or boundaries either relating to terrestrial, marine or both environments.

Permitted Primitives: P, L

References:

Remarks:

S121_Limit
 Version Phase Proposed
 S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Curve to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]




⇒ Realization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Realization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome).
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

◆ limtyp : S121_LimitType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction).
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS	
 Association (direction: Unspecified) minus Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]	Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]
 Association (direction: Unspecified) points Source: Public location (Class) S121_Location «FeatureType» Cardinality: [2..*]	Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]
 Association (direction: Unspecified) plus Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]	Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]

1.17.3 S121_Location

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Location

AlphaCode: MLOCTN

camelCaseCode: Limit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme



Definition: The Location object is an object that defines the underlying structure of location.

Permitted Primitives: P

Remarks: To portray a geodesic or loxodrome curve correctly, additional vertices may be included in the dataset. These are densified locations. These vertices would not have formed part of the original source information. The loctyp attribute can be used to differentiate between a defined vertex (e.g. declared in a treaty) with a vertex densified to ensure correct GIS depiction. A computed location is also not part of the original source information, but is calculated as the result of the original source guidance, such as the intersection between arcs, geodesics, or loxodromes. A construction vertex is any arbitrary position established to support computation.

References:

S121_Location
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
 Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «featureType» LA_Point [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
 Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Location to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
⇒ Realization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location	[Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Realization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
⇒ Realization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ interpolationRole : LA_InterpolationType Public</p> <p>the role of point in the structure of a straight line or curve</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ pointType : S121_LocationType Public</p> <p>Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Computational origin of the element (defined, densified, computed or construction)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ transAndResult : LA_Transformation Public</p> <p>Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>transformation and transformed location</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS	
<p>✎ Association (direction: Unspecified) points</p> <p>Source: Public location (Class) S121_Location «FeatureType» Cardinality: [2..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>

1.17.4 S121_Zone

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Zone

AlphaCode: MZONE

camelCaseCode: Zone

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The Zone object is an object that defines an area which is logically delimited by instances of delineation (limit_boundary) objects.





Permitted Primitives: P,L,A




Remarks: Maritime, terrestrial or inter-tidal zone objects are the three real objects that inherit from this object.



References:


S121_Zone
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «featureType» LA_SpatialUnit [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Surface to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>⇒ Realization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES

ATTRIBUTES	
<p> area : LA_AreaValue Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>the area value</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> referencePoint : GM_Point Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>the coordinates of a point inside the spatial unit</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> surfaceRelation : LA_SurfaceRelationType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ASSOCIATIONS	
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) minus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) plus</p> <p>Source: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>	<p>Target: Public limit (Class) S121_Limit «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified)</p> <p>Source: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit</p>	<p>Target: Public (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType»</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) vertExtent</p> <p>Source: Public space (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..1]</p>	<p>Target: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>

OPERATIONS	
<p> areaClosed () : Boolean Public</p>	[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]
<p> computeArea () : Area Public</p>	

OPERATIONS
[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]
 createArea () : GM_MultiSurface Public [Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]

1.17.5 S121_Space

Class «FeatureType» in package 'S121_Feature'

Name: Space

AlphaCode: MSPACE

camelCaseCode: Space

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme



Definition: The Space object is an object that defines an volume which is logically delimited by instances of zone objects.


Permitted Primitives: P,L,A



Remarks: A Space is an objects of 2 dimensions with a height description located in 2 or 3 dimensional space. This is sometimes called 2 1/2 dimensions. A Space has the same geometry as a Zone with the attributes of vertical position. The vertical position may be explicit numerical attributes of height above a reference or a textual description.







References:

S121_Space
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 26/03/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
 Realization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «featureType» LA_SpatialUnit [Name is Realize. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
 Generalization from «FeatureType» S121_Space to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
 Aggregation from «Geometry» S121_Volume to «FeatureType» S121_Space [Name is SpatialAttribute. Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES
 referencePoint : GM_Point Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False) the coordinates of a point inside the spatial unit [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False) Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface,

ATTRIBUTES	
water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> volume : LA_VolumeValue Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>the volume value (in case of bounded 3D description)</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
ASSOCIATIONS	
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified) vertExtent</p> <p>Source: Public space (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..1]</p>	<p>Target: Public zone (Class) S121_Zone «FeatureType» Cardinality: [0..*]</p>
<p> Association (direction: Unspecified)</p> <p>Source: Public (Class) S121_BAUnit</p>	<p>Target: Public (Class) S121_Space «FeatureType»</p>
OPERATIONS	
<p> computeVolume () : Volume Public</p> <p>[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]</p>	
<p> createVolume () : GM_MultiSolid Public</p> <p>[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]</p>	
<p> volumeClosed () : Boolean Public</p> <p>[Is static False. Is abstract False. Is return array False. Is query False. Is synchronized False.]</p>	

1.17.6 S121 MLB Location Objects and Attributes diagram

Class diagram in package 'MLB_Objects'

S121 MLB Location Objects and Attributes
 Version
 CHS created on 27/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

MLB Location Objects and Attributes

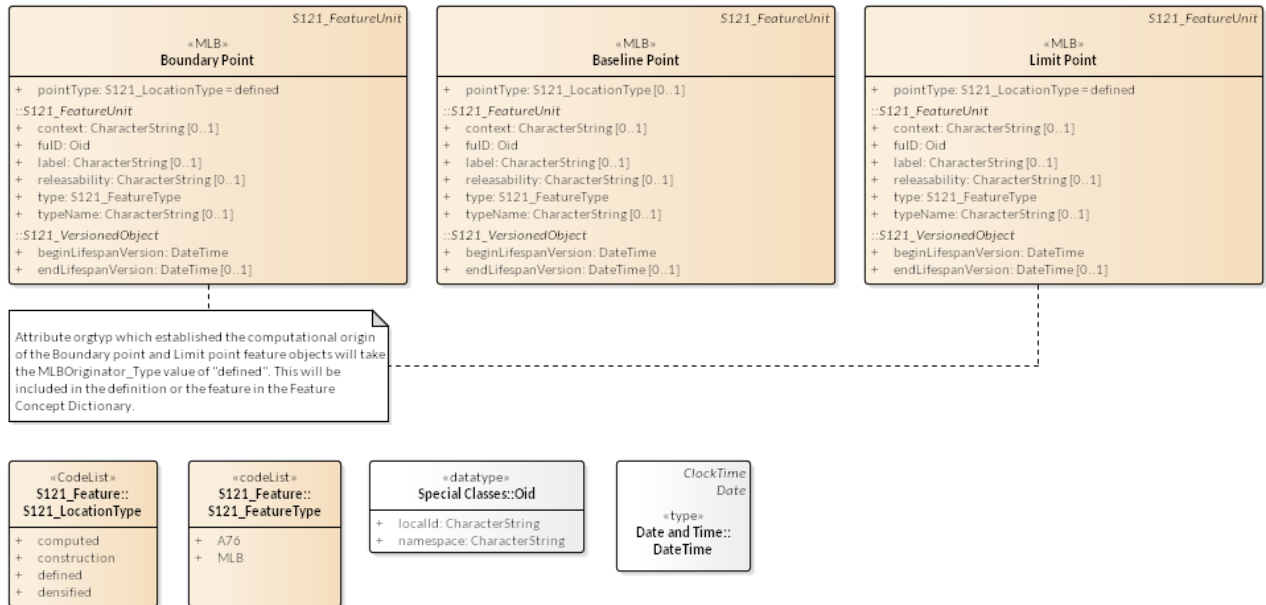


Figure 4: S121 MLB Location Objects and Attributes

1.17.7 S121_FeatureType

Class «codeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

This code list includes types that have a common characteristic related to the marine environment. The code list is registered in the Feature Concept Dictionary as listed values and as such can be expanded to include all aspects of the legal context. The initial contents are: **MLB** (Marine Limits and Boundaries), and **A76** (UNCLOS article 76). This code list can be extended.

S121_FeatureType
Version 1.0 Phase 1.0 Proposed
created on 21/02/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES	
<p> A76 : Public</p> <p>UNCLOS article 76</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p> MLB : Public</p> <p>Marine Limits and Boundaries</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.8 S121_LocationType

Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of location types (defined, densified, computed or construction)

S121_LocationType

Version Phase Proposed
 CHS created on 08/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016
 Alias pointType

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ computed : Public</p> <p>a point is computed in accordance with the definition described in the source through proper geodetic calculations; for example, the intersection of two arcs over an ellipsoidal surface. A point may be established to support construction computations.</p> <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p>◆ construction : Public</p> <p>point established to support construction computations.</p> <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p>◆ defined : Public</p> <p>a point is derived from a legislative document or other definitive source.</p> <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p>◆ densified : Public</p> <p>a point is part of a densification of the vertices in a line to ensure the geometry of a feature is correctly represented.</p> <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	

1.17.9 S121 MLB Limit Objects and Attributes diagram

Class diagram in package 'MLB_Objects'

S121 MLB Limit Objects and Attributes
 Version
 CHS created on 27/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

MLB Limit Objects and Attributes

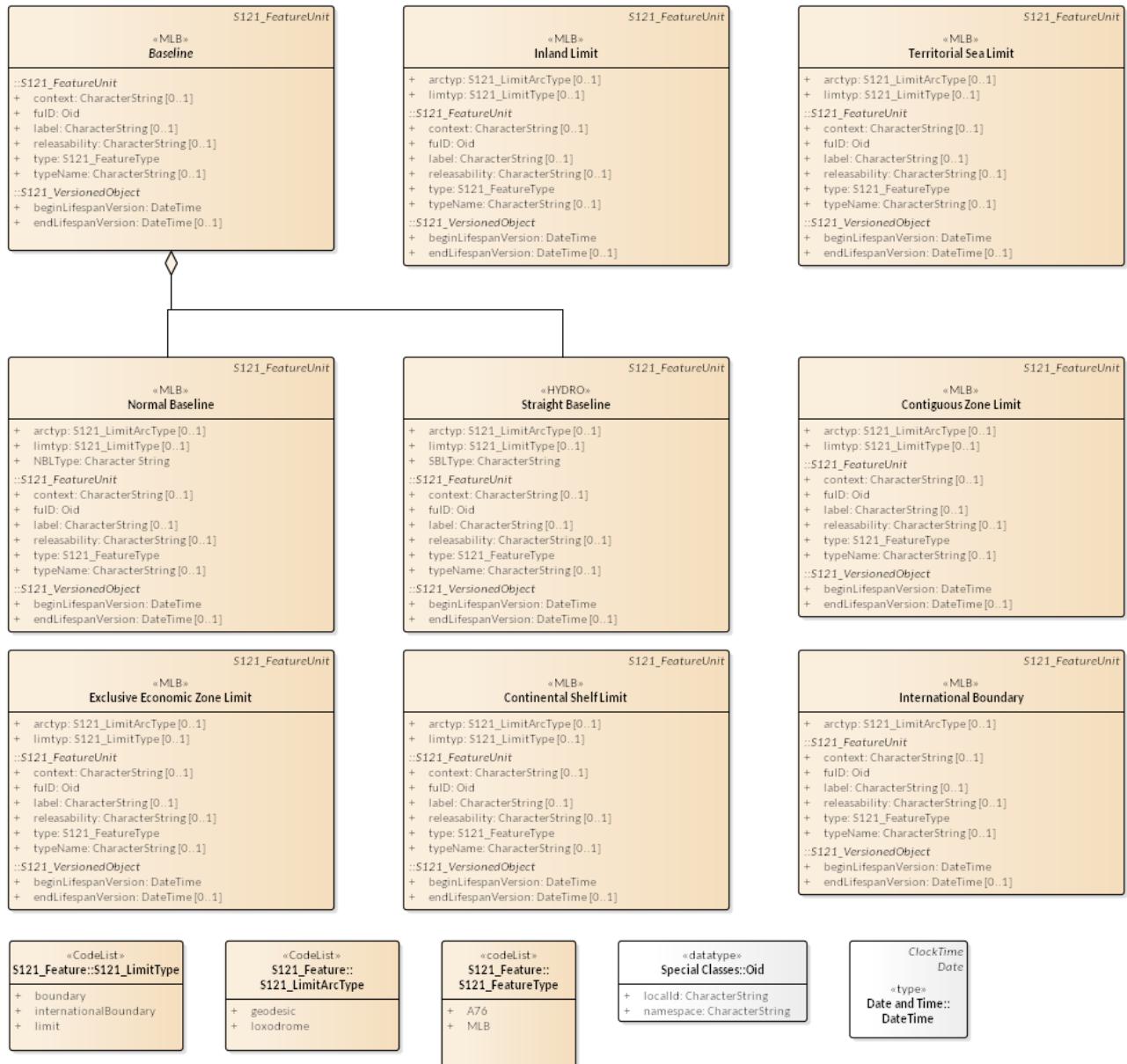


Figure 5: S121 MLB Limit Objects and Attributes

1.17.10 S121_FeatureType

Class «codeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

This code list includes types that have a common characteristic related to the marine environment. The code list is registered in the Feature Concept Dictionary as listed values and as such can be expanded to include all aspects of the legal context. The initial contents are: **MLB** (Marine Limits and Boundaries), and **A76** (UNCLOS article 76). This code list can be extended.

S121_FeatureType

Version 1.0 Phase 1.0 Proposed

created on 21/02/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES

- ⚡ A76 : Public



ATTRIBUTES	
UNCLOS article 76	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 MLB : Public Marine Limits and Boundaries	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.11 S121_LimitArcType

Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or Loxodrome).

S121_LimitArcType
 Version 1 Phase Proposed
 CHS created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016



ATTRIBUTES	
 geodesic : Public A path of shortest distance along the surface of an ellipsoid, namely a segment of a great circle.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 loxodrome : Public An arc crossing all meridians of longitude at the same angle; a path with constant bearing.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.12 S121_LimitType

Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of limit types (boundary, limit or construction)


S121_LimitType
 Version Phase Proposed
 CHS created on 17/03/2014. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES	
 boundary : Public element delimiting an object administered by a more than one owner; typically two sovereign states (countries). If there are two political entities involved, the delineated is a boundary, and if there is only one the delineation is a limit.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 internationalBoundary : Public	

ATTRIBUTES

A type of boundary administered by two sovereign states (countries). This is a special case of boundary whose purpose is to allow the clear definition of critical sovereignty related elements.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

 limit : Public

element delimiting an object administered by a single owner; e.g. boundary of a management zone, that pertains to only one political entity, such as oil lease areas within a management zone for oil exploration. If there are two political entities involved, the delineation is a boundary, and if there is only one the delineation is a limit.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.13 S121 MLB Zone Objects and Attributes diagram

Class diagram in package 'MLB_Objects'

S121 MLB Zone Objects and Attributes

Version

CHS created on 27/07/2015. Last modified 27/11/2016

MLB Zone Objects and Attributes

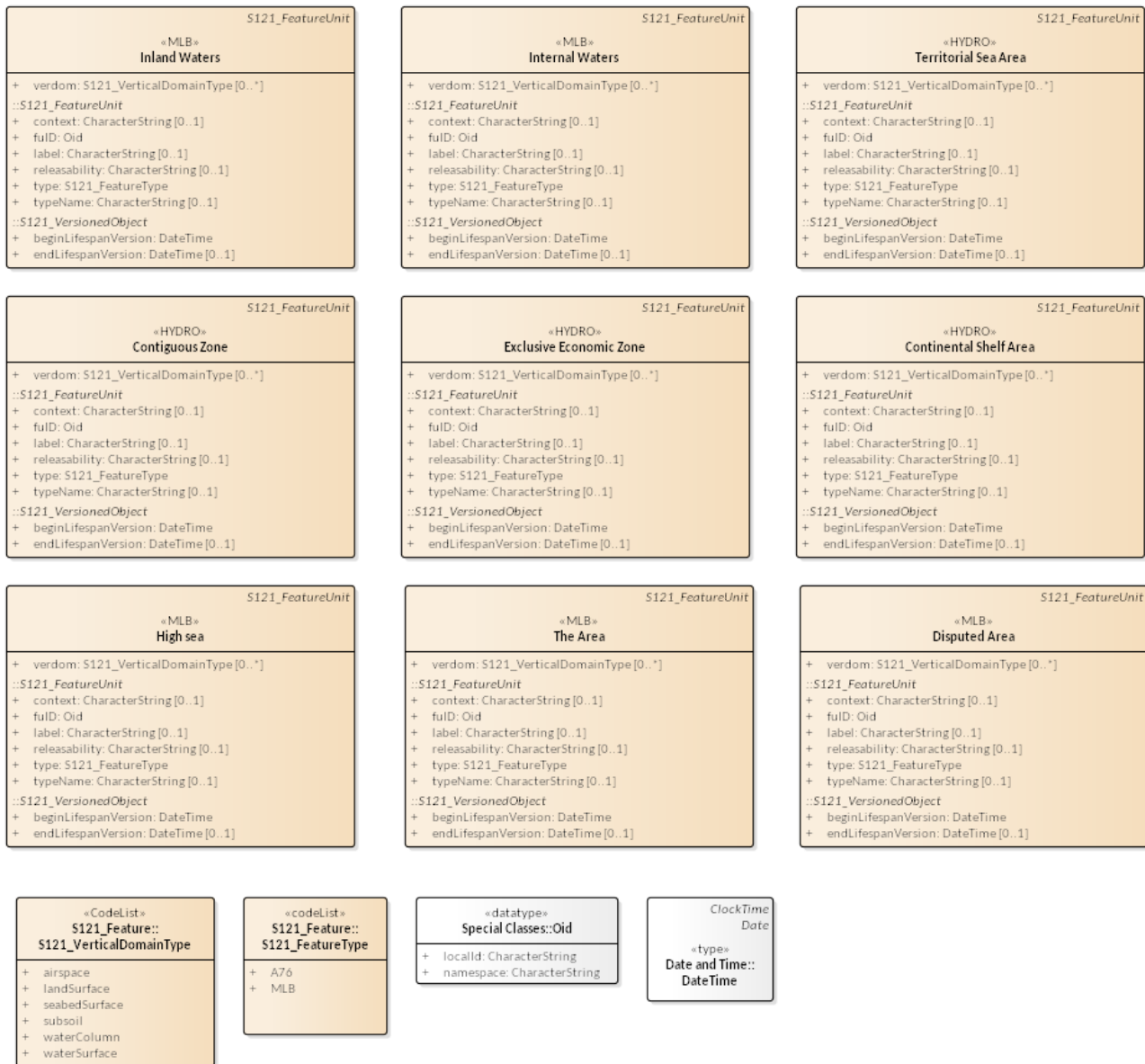


Figure 6: S121 MLB Zone Objects and Attributes

1.17.14 S121_FeatureType

Class «codeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

This code list includes types that have a common characteristic related to the marine environment. The code list is registered in the Feature Concept Dictionary as listed values and as such can be expanded to include all aspects of the legal context. The initial contents are: **MLB** (Marine Limits and Boundaries), and **A76** (UNCLOS article 76). This code list can be extended.

S121_FeatureType
Version 1.0 Phase 1.0 Proposed
created on 21/02/2016. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES

A76: Public

ATTRIBUTES	
UNCLOS article 76	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 MLB : Public Marine Limits and Boundaries	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.15 S121_VerticalDomainType







Class «CodeList» in package 'S121_Feature'

Definition: Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). The code list may be extended. Any particular object may span more than one jurisdiction domain, for example, an **inter-tidal space** may span the airspace and water column. The **Territorial Sea** spans all of the vertical domains; however, the **EEZ** is the water surface, water column, seabed surface and subsoil.

S121_VerticalDomainType

Version Phase Proposed

IHO S121 PT created on 17/03/2014. Last modified 27/11/2016

ATTRIBUTES	
 airspace : Public The airspace is a space composed of air .	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 landSurface : Public landSurface is the interface between earth and air.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 seabedSurface : Public seabedSurface is the interface between the submerged land and the ocean. IHO S-32 defines the Sea Floor as " The BOTTOM of the OCEAN where there is a smooth and gentle GRADIENT... " The sea bed is inclusive of the sea floor and all submerged lands.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 subsoil : Public The subsoil is an area composed of earth (soil).	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 waterColumn : Public The waterColumn is a space (volume) from the seabedSurface up to the waterSurface.	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
 waterSurface : Public The waterSurface is the interface between the airspace and waterColumn.	

ATTRIBUTES
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.16 Disputed Area

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Disputed Area

AlphaCode: DISARE

camelCaseCode: DisputedArea

Numeric Code:

Use Type: theme

Definition: An area of disputed jurisdiction.

Permitted Primitives: A


Remarks: A disputed area can be any type of zone. The limit of the zone would correspond to the type of limit that would apply if the zone was not disputed.

Distinction:

References:

Disputed Area
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias DISARE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Disputed Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

ATTRIBUTES
<p> verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.17 Baseline Point

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Baseline Point

AlphaCode: BASEPT

camelCaseCode: BaselinePoint

Numeric Code:**Use Type:** theme**Definition:** A Baseline Point is part of the territorial sea baseline model or of an archipelagic baseline. It can be used in a normal baseline, straight baseline, archipelagic, bay closing, river mouth closing, historic bay closing or delta or dynamic coastal environment baseline.**Permitted Primitives:** P**Remarks:** This can be any point that makes up a baseline.**References:**

Baseline Point
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias BASEPT
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Realization from «MLB» Baseline Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ pointType : S121_LocationType Public
Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: Computational origin of the element (defined, densified, computed or construction)
[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.18 Contiguous Zone

*Class «HYDRO» in package 'MLB_Objects'***Name:** Contiguous Zone**AlphaCode:** CONZNE**camelCaseCode:** ContiguousZone**NumericCode:** 31**Use Type:** geo, theme**Definition:** A zone contiguous to a coastal State's territorial sea, which may not extend beyond 24 nautical miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 993)**Permitted Primitives:** A**Remarks:** The coastal state may exercise certain control in this zone subject to the provisions of International Law. A contiguous zone is a zone that is bounded by the TESLIM (Territorial Sea limit), the CONLIM and or other limit objects such as an international boundary.**Distinction:** ADMARE, COSARE, EXEZNE, FSHZNE, TESARE**References:**

INT 1: IN 44;

M-4: 440.6;

Contiguous Zone
Version Phase Proposed
TSMAD created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

Alias CONZNE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «HYDRO» Contiguous Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p>verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.19 Contiguous Zone Limit

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Contiguous Zone Limit

AlphaCode: CONLIM

camelCaseCode: ContiguousZoneLimit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: This object is used to express the outer limit of the State's Contiguous Zone.

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks:

Distinction:

References:

Contiguous Zone Limit
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias CONLIM
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Contiguous Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p>arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p>

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome).</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction).</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.20 Continental Shelf Limit

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Continental Shelf Limit

Alias: Extended Continental Shelf Limit

AlphaCode: COSLIM

camelCaseCode: ContinentalShelfLimit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The outer limit of the State's Continental Shelf.

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks:

Distinction:

References:

Continental Shelf Limit
 Version Phase Proposed
 S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias Extended Continental Shelf Limit
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit</p>	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Continental Shelf Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit</p>	[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>◆ arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome).</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
<p>◆ limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction).</p>	[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ATTRIBUTES

1.17.21 Continental Shelf Area

Class «HYDRO» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Continental Shelf Area

AlphaCode: COSARE

camelCaseCode: ContinentalShelfArea

NumericCode: 32

Use Type: geo, theme

Definition: The continental shelf of a coastal State comprises the sea bed and subsoil of the submarine areas that extend beyond its territorial sea throughout the natural prolongation of its land territory to the outer edge of the continental margin, or to a distance of 200 nautical miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured where the outer edge of the continental margin does not extend out to that distance.

Permitted Primitives: A

Remarks: The Continental Shelf Area is a zone that is bounded by the EEZ and the COSLIM and / or other limit objects such as an international boundary.

Distinction: ADMARE, CONZNE, EXEZNE, FSHZNE, TESARE

References:

INT 1: N 46;

S-4: 440.8;

Continental Shelf Area
Version Phase Proposed
TSMAD created on 02/12/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias COSARE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Generalization from «HYDRO» Continental Shelf Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

♦ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.22 Exclusive Economic Zone

Class «HYDRO» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Exclusive Economic Zone

AlphaCode: EXEZNE

camelCaseCode: ExclusiveEconomicZone

NumericCode: 50

Use Type: geo, theme

Definition: An area, not exceeding 200 nautical miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured, subject to a specific legal regime established in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea under which the coastal state has certain rights and jurisdiction. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 1723)

Permitted Primitives: A

Remarks: The Exclusive Economic Zone is a zone that is bounded by the TESLIM (Territorial Sea limit), EEZLIM or other limit objects such as an international boundary.

Distinction: ADMARE, CONZNE, COSARE, FSHZNE, TESARE

References:

INT 1: IN 47;

M-4: 440.9;

Exclusive Economic Zone
Version Phase Proposed
TSMAD created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias EXEZNE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_Zone
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Generalization from «HYDRO» Exclusive Economic Zone to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

♦ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.23 Exclusive Economic Zone Limit

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Exclusive Economic Zone Limit

AlphaCode: EEZLIM

camelCaseCode: ExclusiveEconomicZoneLimit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The outer limit of the State's exclusive economic zone.

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks:



Distinction:

References:



Exclusive Economic Zone Limit
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

Alias EEZLIM
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

-  Generalization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]
-  Realization from «MLB» Exclusive Economic Zone Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

-  arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome).
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]
-  limtyp : S121_LimitType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)
Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction).
 [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.24 High sea

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: High Sea

AlphaCode: HIGHSE

camelCaseCode: HighSea

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: A zone that consists of the open ocean, not part of the exclusive economic zone, territorial sea or internal waters of any state. A term of international and maritime law per UNCLOS article 86.

Permitted Primitives: A


Remarks:

Distinction: ADMARE, CONZNE, COSARE, FSHZNE, TESARE, EXEZNE, SBAREA, ECSZNE

References: UNCLOS Part 7

High sea
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias HIGHSE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

-  Generalization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «MLB» High sea to «FeatureType» S121_Zone

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.25 Inland Limit

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Inland Limit

Geometry: L

AlphaCode: INLLIM

camelCaseCode: InlandLimit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: Inland limit is a segment of line used to delineate the outer limit of inland waters. It is a boundary between internal waters and inland waters.

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks: .

Distinction:

References:

Inland Limit
 Version Phase Proposed
 S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias INLLIM
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Generalization from «MLB» Inland Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

◆ arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome).

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

ATTRIBUTES

limtyp : S121_LimitType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction).

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.26 Inland Waters

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Inland Waters

AlphaCode: INLWTR

camelCaseCode: InlandWaters

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: An area describing waters found on the landward side of the Inland Waters limits

Permitted Primitives: A

Remarks: Synonymous with the EU Inspire Administrative Hierarchy Level

Distinction: INTWTR

References:

Inland Waters
 Version Phase Proposed
 S121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias INLWTR
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Realization from «MLB» Inland Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone
 [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
 Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.27 Internal Waters

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Internal Waters

AlphaCode: INTWTR

camelCaseCode: InternalWaters

NumericCode:**Use Type:** theme**Definition:** Waters on the landward side of the baseline of the territorial sea and landlocked waters within the State (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 2484) (For legal definition see UNCLOS Article 8)**Permitted Primitives:** L, A**Remarks:** A zone that is bounded by the inland water, the land area and the territorial sea. (For legal definition see UNCLOS Article 8).**Distinction:** INLWTR**References:**

Internal Waters
Version Phase Proposed
S121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias INTWTR
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Generalization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Realization from «MLB» Internal Waters to «FeatureType» S121_Zone
[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

♦ verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public
Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)

Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain.

[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.28 International Boundary

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: International Boundary**Geometry:** L**AlphaCode:** INTBND**camelCaseCode:** InternationalBoundary**NumericCode:****Use Type:** theme**Definition:** International Boundary is a boundary object between sovereign states. This object can be either unilaterally defined or be the result of an international treaty or other agreement. Specific attributes can be assigned to this object to describe its role.**Permitted Primitives:** L**Remarks:** Specific vertical domains can be assigned to this object to describe its role.**References:**

International Boundary
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016

Alias INTBDY
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_Limit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» International Boundary to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p>◆ arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.29 Normal Baseline

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Normal Baseline

AlphaCode: NORBLN

camelCaseCode: NormalBaseline

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: A normal baseline is part of the territorial sea baseline model.

Permitted Primitives: L




Remarks: It is formed of the normal baseline points collected on low water elevations, drying rocks or on the coastline.

Distinction:

References:

Normal Baseline
Version Phase Proposed
S121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias NORBLN
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Aggregation from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «MLB» Baseline [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES

ATTRIBUTES	
<p> arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p> limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	
<p> NBLType : Character String Public</p> <p>NBLType code list: -Normal -Low Tide Elevation</p> <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>	

1.17.30 Straight Baseline

Class «HYDRO» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Straight Baseline

AlphaCode: STSLNE

camelCaseCode: StraightBaseline

Use Type: geo, theme

NumericCode: 132

Definition: A baseline is the line from which the outer limits of the territorial sea and certain other outer limits are measured. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 390)

Straight baselines are a system of straight lines joining specified or discrete points on the low-water line, usually known as straight baseline turning points. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 393)

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks: A straight line used in place of the normal baseline. Types of straight baseline are: straight, archipelagic, bay closing, river mouth closing, historic bay closing.


Distinction:

References:

INT 1: IN 42;

M-4: 440.4;

Straight Baseline
Version Phase Proposed
TSMAD created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias STSLNE
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
<p> Aggregation from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «MLB» Baseline</p> <p>[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>	

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Realization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Generalization from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p>◆ arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p>◆ limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>
<p>◆ SBLType : CharacterString Public</p> <p>Straight Baseline Type from the code list:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Straight Baseline -Archipelagic Baseline -Delta Baseline -Unstable coast Baseline -Historic Bay Closing -River Closing -Historic Waters (CA) <p>[Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.31 Territorial Sea Area

Class «HYDRO» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Territorial Sea Area

AlphaCode: TESARE

camelCaseCode: TerritorialSeaArea

NumericCode: 135

Use Type: geo, theme

Definition: The territorial sea is a belt of water of a defined breadth but not exceeding 12 nautical miles measured seaward from the territorial sea baseline. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 5360)

Permitted Primitives: A

Remarks: TESARE is a zone that is bounded by the TESLIM (Territorial Sea outer limit), the baseline BASELN and or other limit objects such as an international boundary.

Distinction: ADMARE, CONZNE, COSARE, EXEZNE, FSHZNE, RESARE

References:

INT 1: IN 43;

M-4: 440.5;

Version Phase Proposed
 TSMAD created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias TESARE
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «HYDRO» Territorial Sea Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
ATTRIBUTES
<p>🔹 verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False)</p> <p>Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.32 Territorial Sea Limit

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Territorial Sea Limit

AlphaCode: TESLIM

camelCaseCode: TerritorialSeaLimit

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: This object is used to express the outer limit of the State's territorial sea.

Permitted Primitives: L



Remarks: TESLIM is used to express the outer extent of TESARE. TESARE is a zone that is bounded by the TESLIM (Territorial Sea limit), the baseline BASELN and or other limit objects such as an international boundary.

Distinction:

References:

Territorial Sea Limit
 Version Phase Proposed
 S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias TESLIM
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Territorial Sea Limit to «FeatureType» S121_Limit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>  arctyp : S121_LimitArcType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False) </p> <p> Definition: Type of computation used to define an arc (line). (Geodesic or loxodrome). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.] </p>	
<p>  limtyp : S121_LimitType Public Multiplicity: ([0..1], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False) </p> <p> Definition: Type of delineation (Boundary, Limit or Construction). [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.] </p>	

1.17.33 The Area

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: The Area

AlphaCode: ISAREA

camelCaseCode: TheArea

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: The area of the seabed not under the jurisdiction of any state. This area lies beyond the extension of the continental shelf awarded to coastal States under Article 76 of UNCLOS.



Permitted Primitives: A


Remarks: In the United Nations Law of the Sea terminology, the sea-bed and ocean floor and subsoil thereof, beyond the limits of national jurisdiction. (IHO Hydrographic Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 227) (For legal definition see UNCLOS Part XI). The Area is a zone that is bounded by the states sovereign extent which may be the extended continental shelf or the Exclusive Economic Zone.

Distinction: ADMARE, CONZNE, COSARE, FSHZNE, TESARE, EXEZNE, HIGHSE

References:

The Area
 Version Phase Proposed
 S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
 Alias SBAREA
 Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS	
<p>  Realization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_Zone [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.] </p>	
<p>  Generalization from «MLB» The Area to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.] </p>	

ATTRIBUTES	
<p>  verdom : S121_VerticalDomainType Public Multiplicity: ([0..*], Allow duplicates: 0, Is ordered: False) </p> <p> Definition: verdom - Category of vertical domain of the object delimited. (e.g. airspace, land_surface, water_surface, water_column, seabed_surface, subsoil). Any particular object may span more than one vertical domain. [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.] </p>	

ATTRIBUTES

1.17.34 Limit Point

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: LimitPoint

AlphaCode: LIMPNT

camelCaseCode: LimitPoint

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: A Limit Point is a point on a limit.

Permitted Primitives: P

Remarks: A point associated with one party.

Distinction: BDNPNT

References:

Limit Point
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 03/12/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias LIMPNT
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

← Generalization from «MLB» Limit Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

ATTRIBUTES

pointType : S121_LocationType Public = defined

Definition: Computational origin of the element (defined, densified, computed or construction) [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]

1.17.35 Boundary Point

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Boundary Point

AlphaCode: BDNPNT

camelCaseCode: BoundaryPoint

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: A Boundary Point is a point on a boundary.

Permitted Primitives: P

Remarks: A point associated with more than one party.

Distinction: LIMPNT

References:

Boundary Point
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 10/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias BDNPNT
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>
<p>← Realization from «MLB» Boundary Point to «FeatureType» S121_Location [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

ATTRIBUTES
<p>pointType : S121_LocationType Public = defined</p> <p>Definition: Computational origin of the element (defined, densified, computed or construction) [Is static False. Containment is Not Specified.]</p>

1.17.36 Baseline

Class «MLB» in package 'MLB_Objects'

Name: Baseline

AlphaCode: BASELN

camelCaseCode: Baseline

NumericCode:

Use Type: theme

Definition: A baseline is the line from which the outer limits of the territorial sea and certain other outer limits are measured. (IHO Dictionary, S-32, 5th Edition, 390).

Permitted Primitives: L

Remarks: A baseline is generally composed of two components, a normal baseline and a straight baseline.

References:

Baseline
Version Phase Proposed
S-121 PT created on 09/07/2015. Last modified 01/12/2016
Alias BASELN
Extends S121_FeatureUnit

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS
<p>← Generalization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_FeatureUnit [Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]</p>

OUTGOING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

← Realization from «MLB» Baseline to «FeatureType» S121_Limit

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

INCOMING STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS

⇒ Aggregation from «HYDRO» Straight Baseline to «MLB» Baseline

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]

⇒ Aggregation from «MLB» Normal Baseline to «MLB» Baseline

[Direction is 'Source -> Destination'.]